

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

### Listing of Claims:

- 1           1.       (Currently amended) A method for supporting read-only objects  
2       within an object-addressed memory hierarchy, comprising:  
3           receiving a request at a translator to access an object, wherein the request  
4       includes an object identifier for the object that is used to reference the object  
5       within the object-addressed memory hierarchy, and wherein the translator  
6       converts an object identifier and offset into a corresponding physical address and  
7       converts the request to access an object into a request for the corresponding  
8       physical address; translates between object identifiers (used to reference objects in  
9       an object cache) and a physical addresses (used to address objects in main  
10       memory);  
11           using the object identifier to retrieve an object table entry associated with  
12       the object;  
13           if the request is a write request,  
14                    examining a read-only indicator within the object table  
15               entry,  
16                    if the read-only indicator specifies that the object is a read-  
17               only object, performing a corrective action to deal with the fact that  
18               the write request is directed to a read-only object.

1           2.       (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein if the request is a read  
2 request, the method further comprises using a physical address from the object  
3 table entry to access the object in main memory.

1           3.       (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein performing the  
2 corrective action can involve causing a fault handler in the requesting processor to  
3 perform the corrective action.

1           4.       (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein performing the  
2 corrective action can involve:  
3           obtaining a writable copy of the object, clearing the read-only indicator to  
4 indicate that the object is no longer read-only, and updating the writable copy of  
5 the object with data from the write request;  
6           updating a remotely located master copy of the object with data from the  
7 write request;  
8           terminating the requesting process because the write request is not  
9 allowed; and  
10          if the request is directed to a debugging breakpoint, pausing the requesting  
11 process and clearing the read-only indicator.

1           5.       (Cancelled)

1           6.       (Previously presented) The method of claim 1,  
2 wherein prior to receiving the request at the translator, the request is  
3 initially directed to the object cache;  
4 wherein if the request causes a hit in the object cache, the object is  
5 accessed in the object cache and the request is not sent to the translator; and

6            wherein if the request causes a miss in the object cache, the request is sent  
7   to the translator.

1            7.        (Original) The method of claim 6, further comprising making a  
2   given object read-only by:  
3            setting a read-only indicator associated with the given object to indicate  
4   that the given object is read-only;  
5   causing all object caches within a local cache-coherent domain to flush any  
6   modified cache lines of the given object out to main memory;  
7            whereby subsequent upgrades of the given object from read-only status to  
8   writable or modified status in any caches within the local cache-coherent domain  
9   must go through a translator.

1            8.        (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein causing all object  
2   caches within the local cache-coherent domain to flush any modified cache lines  
3   of the given object out to main memory involves executing a read-with-intent-to-  
4   only-read (RWITOR) instruction on each cache line of the given object.

1            9.        (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the given object can be  
2   made read-only in response to a request received from outside the local cache-  
3   coherent domain.

1            10.       (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the  
2   translator includes hardware to translate between object identifiers and physical  
3   addresses.

1            11.       (Currently amended) An apparatus that supports read-only objects  
2   within an object-addressed memory hierarchy, comprising:

3           a receiving mechanism configured to receive a request at a translator to  
4   access an object, wherein the request includes an object identifier for the object  
5   that is used to reference the object within the object-addressed memory hierarchy,  
6   and wherein the translator converts an object identifier and offset into a  
7   corresponding physical address and converts the request to access an object into a  
8   request for the corresponding physical address;~~translates between object~~  
9   ~~identifiers (used to reference objects in an object cache) and a physical addresses~~  
10   ~~(used to address objects in main memory);~~  
11          a translation mechanism configured to use the object identifier to retrieve  
12   an object table entry associated with the object; and  
13          a corrective action mechanism, wherein if the request is a write request,  
14   the corrective action mechanism is configured to,  
15                  examine a read-only indicator within the object table entry,  
16                  and  
17                  if the read-only indicator specifies that the object is a read-  
18                  only object, to perform a corrective action to deal with the fact that  
19                  the write request is directed to a read-only object.

1           12.   (Original) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein if the request is a  
2   read request, the translation mechanism is additionally configured to use a  
3   physical address from the object table entry to access the object in main memory.

1           13.   (Original) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the corrective action  
2   mechanism is configured to cause a fault handler in the requesting processor to  
3   perform the corrective action.

1           14.   (Original) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein performing the  
2   corrective action can involve:

3           obtaining a writable copy of the object, clearing the read-only indicator to  
4           indicate that the object is no longer read-only, and updating the writable copy of  
5           the object with data from the write request;  
6           updating a remotely located master copy of the object with data from the  
7           write request;  
8           terminating the requesting process because the write request is not  
9           allowed; and  
10          if the request is directed to a debugging breakpoint, pausing the requesting  
11          process and clearing the read-only indicator.

1           15.   (Cancelled)

1           16.   (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the  
2           apparatus includes the object cache;  
3           wherein prior to receiving the request at the translator, the request is  
4           initially directed to the object cache;  
5           wherein if the request causes a hit in the object cache, the object is  
6           accessed in the object cache and the request is not sent to the translator; and  
7           wherein if the request causes a miss in the object cache, the request is sent  
8           to the translator.

1           17.   (Original) The apparatus of claim 16, further comprising a read-  
2           only configuration mechanism configured to make a given object read-only by:  
3           setting a read-only indicator associated with the given object to indicate  
4           that the given object is read-only; and  
5           causing all object caches within a local cache-coherent domain to flush  
6           any modified cache lines of the given object out to main memory;

7           whereby subsequent upgrades of the given object from read-only status to  
8   writable or modified status in any caches within the local cache-coherent domain  
9   must go through a translator.

1           18.   (Original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the read-only  
2   configuration mechanism causes all object caches within the local cache-coherent  
3   domain to flush any modified cache lines of the given object out to main memory  
4   by executing a read-with-intent-to-only-read (RWITOR) instruction on each cache  
5   line of the given object.

1           19.   (Original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the read-only  
2   configuration mechanism makes the given object read-only in response to a  
3   request received from outside the local cache-coherent domain.

1           20.   (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the  
2   translator includes hardware to translate between object identifiers and physical  
3   addresses.

1           21.   (Currently amended) A computer system that supports read-only  
2   objects within an object-addressed memory hierarchy, comprising:  
3       a processor;  
4       the object-addressed memory hierarchy;  
5       an object cache within the object-addressed memory hierarchy;  
6       a translator that translates between object identifiers, used to address  
7   objects in the object cache, and physical addresses, used to address objects in  
8   main memory;  
9       a receiving mechanism within the translator configured to receive at the  
10   translator a request to access an object, wherein the request includes an object

11 identifier for the object that is used to reference the object within the object-  
12 addressed memory hierarchy, and wherein the translator converts an object  
13 identifier and offset into a corresponding physical address and converts the  
14 request to access an object into a request for the corresponding physical  
15 address;~~translates between object identifiers (used to reference objects in an object~~  
16 ~~cache) and a physical addresses (used to address objects in main memory);~~  
17 a translation mechanism within the translator configured to use the object  
18 identifier to retrieve an object table entry associated with the object; and  
19 a corrective action mechanism, wherein if the request is a write request,  
20 the corrective action mechanism is configured to,  
21 examine a read-only indicator within the object table entry,  
22 and  
23 if the read-only indicator specifies that the object is a read-only object, to  
24 perform a corrective action to deal with the fact that the write request is directed  
25 to a read-only object.